## YERB 3

Using place value
Count in 100s
e.g. Know $475+200$ as $475,575,675$


Add multiples of 10,100 and $£ 1$
e.g. $746+200$
e.g. $746+40$
e.g. $£ 6 \cdot 34+£ 5$ as $£ 6+£ 5$ and $34 p$

## Partitioning

e.g. $£ 8 \cdot 50+£ 3 \cdot 70$ as $£ 8+£ 3$ and 50 p +70 p and combine the totals: $£ 11+£ 1 \cdot 20$
e.g. $347+36$ as 300 and $40+30$ and $7+6$ and combine the totals: $370+13=383$
e.g. $68+74$ as $60+70$ and $8+4$ and combine
the totals: $130+12=142$


Using place value
Count in 1000s
e.g. Know $3475+2000$ as $3475,4475,5475$

Partitioning
e.g. $746+40$
e.g. $746+203$ as $700+200$ and 40 and $6+3$
e.g. $134+707$ as $100+700$ and 30 and $4+7$

## Counting on

Add 2-digit numbers to 2-, 3- and 4-digit numbers by adding the multiple of 10 then the 1 s
e.g. $167+55$ as $167+50(217)+5=222$

Add near multiples of 10,100 and 1000

$$
\text { e.g. } 467+199
$$

$$
\text { e.g. } 3462+2999
$$



Count on to add 3-digit numbers and money

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { e.g. } 463+124 \text { as } 463+100(563)+20(583)+4=587 \\
& \text { e.g. } £ 4 \cdot 67+£ 5 \cdot 30 \text { as } £ 9 \cdot 67+30 p
\end{aligned}
$$

## YERB 3

## YERI 4

## Counting on

Add two 2-digit numbers by adding the multiple of 10 , then the 1 s e.g. $67+55$ as $67+50(117)+5=122$

Add near multiples of 10 and 100
e.g. $67+39$
e.g. $364+199$

Add pairs of 3 -digit numbers
e.g. $548+120$

Count on from 3-digit numbers
e.g. $247+34$ as $247+30(277)+4=281$

Using number facts
Know pairs which total each number to 20
e.g. $7+8=15$
e.g. $12+6=18$

Number bonds to 100
e.g. $35+65$
e.g. $46+54$
e.g. $73+27$
$0000000000000000000000000000000000-00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000$
Add to the next 10 and the next 100
e.g. $176+4=180$
e.g. $435+65=500$

## Using number facts

Number bonds to 100 and to the next multiple of 100
e.g. $288+12=300$
e.g. $1353+47=1400$
e.g. $463+37=500$


Number bonds to $£ 1$ and to the next whole pound e.g. $63 p+37 p=£ 1$
e.g. $£ 3 \cdot 45+55 p=£ 4$

Add to the next whole number
e.g. $4 \cdot 6+0.4$
e.g. $7 \cdot 2+0.8$

## YERB 3

Build on partitioning to develop expanded column addition with two 3-digit numbers
e.g. $466+358$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
400606 \\
+\quad 300 \quad 508 \\
\hline 70011014 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Use expanded column addition where digits in a column add to more than the column value
e.g. $466+358$

| 400 | 60 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $+\quad 300$ | 50 | 8 |
| 800 | 20 | 4 |
| 100 | 10 |  |

Compact column addition with two or more 3-digit numbers or towers of 2-digit numbers

$$
\text { e.g. } 347+286+495
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
347 \\
286 \\
+\quad 495 \\
\hline 1128 \\
\hline 121
\end{array}
$$

Compact column addition with 3- and 4-digit numbers Recognise like fractions that add to 1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { e.g. } 1 / 4+3 / 4 \\
& \text { e.g. } 3 / 5+2 / 5
\end{aligned}
$$

## YERI 4

Build on expanded column addition to develop compact column addition with larger numbers
e.g. $1466+4868$

| 1000 | 400 | 60 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| +4000 | 800 | 50 | 8 |
| 6000 | 300 | 30 | 4 |
| 1000 | 100 | 10 |  |

Compact column addition with larger numbers
e.g. $5347+2286+1495$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5347 \\
2286 \\
+\quad 1495 \\
\hline 9128 \\
\hline 121
\end{array}
$$

Use expanded and compact column addition to add amounts of money
Add like fractions

$$
-\quad-\quad \text { e.g. } 3 / 8+1 / 8+1 / 8
$$

## STBAIEGIES AND METHODS OF MENTAL ADDITIOM

## YERR 5

## YERB 6

## Using place value

Count in $0.1 \mathrm{~s}, 0.01 \mathrm{~s}$
e.g. Know what 0.1 more than 0.51 is

| 10 s | 1 s | 0.1 s | 0.01 s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 5 | 1 |

## Partitioning

e.g. $2 \cdot 4+5 \cdot 8$ as $2+5$ and $0 \cdot 4+0 \cdot 8$ and combine the totals: $7+1 \cdot 2=8 \cdot 2$

| 0.1 | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 4$ | 0.5 | $0 \cdot 6$ | $0 \cdot 7$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | $0 \cdot 9$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \cdot 1$ | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2 |
| $2 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 4$ | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 7$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 9$ | 3 |
| 3.1 | $3 \cdot 2$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $3 \cdot 4$ | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4 |
| $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | $4 \cdot 8$ | $4 \cdot 9$ | 5 |
| $5 \cdot 1$ | $5 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 3$ | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | $5 \cdot 7$ | $5 \cdot 8$ | 5.9 | 6 |
| 6.1 | $6 \cdot 2$ | $6 \cdot 3$ | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 6.9 | 7 |
| 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 | $7 \cdot 4$ | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8 |
| $8 \cdot 1$ | $8 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 3$ | $8 \cdot 4$ | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 9 |
| $9 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 2$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | $9 \cdot 4$ | 9.5 | 9.6 | $9 \cdot 7$ | 9.8 | $9 \cdot 9$ | 10 |

## Using place value

Count in $0.1 \mathrm{~s}, 0.01 \mathrm{~s}, 0.001 \mathrm{~s}$
e.g. Know what 0.001 more than 6.725 is

## Partitioning

e.g. $9.54+3.23$ as $9+3,0.5+0.2$ and $0.04+0.03$, to give 12.77

## Counting on

Add two decimal numbers by adding the 1 s , then the $0.1 \mathrm{~s} / 0.01 \mathrm{~s} / 0.001 \mathrm{~s}$
e.g. $6 \cdot 314+3 \cdot 006$ as $6 \cdot 314+3(9 \cdot 314)+0 \cdot 006=9 \cdot 32$

Add near multiples of 1
e.g. $6 \cdot 345+0.999$
e.g. $5 \cdot 673+0 \cdot 9$

Count on from large numbers e.g
$16375+12003$ as $28375+3$

## YERI 5

## YERB 6

## Counting on

Add two decimal numbers by adding the 1 s , then the $0.1 \mathrm{~s} / 0.01 \mathrm{~s}$ e.g. $5.72+3.05$ as $5.72+3(8.72)+0.05=8.77$

Add near multiples of 1
e.g. $6.34+0.99$
e.g. $5 \cdot 63+0 \cdot 9$

Count on from large numbers
e.g. $6834+3005$ as $9834+5$

Using number facts
Number bonds to 1 and to the next whole number
e.g. $5 \cdot 7+0.3$
e.g. $0.4+0.6$


Add to the next 10 from a decimal number
e.g. $7 \cdot 8+2 \cdot 2=10$

Using number facts
Number bonds to 1 and to the next multiple of 1
e.g. $0.63+0.37$
e.g. $2 \cdot 355+0.645$


Add to the next 10
e.g. $4 \cdot 62+5 \cdot 38$

## YEAR 5

Expanded column addition for money leading to compact column addition for adding several amounts of money
e.g. £14.64 +£28.78 +£12. 26

| $£ 14$ | $60 p$ | $4 p$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $£ 28$ | $70 p$ | $8 p$ |
| $+£ 12$ | $20 p$ | $6 p$ |
| $£ 55$ | $60 p$ | $8 p$ |
| $£ 1$ | $10 p$ |  |

Compact column addition to add pairs of 5-digit numbers Continue to use column addition to add towers of several larger numbers
Use compact addition to add decimal numbers with up to 2 decimal places
e.g. $15 \cdot 68+27 \cdot 86$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
15.68 \\
+27.86 \\
\hline 43.54 \\
\hline 11.1
\end{array}
$$

Add related fractions

$$
\text { e.g. } 3 / 4+1 / 8=7 / 8
$$

## YERB 6

Compact column addition for adding several large numbers and decimal numbers with up to 2 decimal places
Compact column addition with money
e.g. $£ 14 \cdot 64+£ 28 \cdot 78+£ 12 \cdot 26$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
£ 14.64 \\
£ 28.78 \\
+£ 12.26 \\
\hline £ 55.68 \\
\hline 11.1
\end{array}
$$

Add unlike fractions, including mixed numbers

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { e.g. } 1 / 4+2 / 3=11 / 12 \\
& \text { e.g. } 21 / 4+11 / 3=37 / 12
\end{aligned}
$$

## YERB 3

## Taking away

Use place value to subtract
e.g. $348-300$
e.g. $348-40$

348
e.g. 348 - 8

Take away multiples of 10,100 and $£ 1$
e.g. $476-40=436$
e.g. $476-300=176$
e.g. $£ 4 \cdot 76-£ 2=£ 2 \cdot 76$

Partitioning
e.g. $68-42$ as $60-40$ and $8-2$
e.g. $£ 6 \cdot 84-£ 2 \cdot 40$ as $£ 6-£ 2$ and $80 p-40$ p


## YERB 4

## Taking away

Use place value to subtract

$$
\text { e.g. } 4748-4000
$$

## 4748

Take away multiples of $10,100,1000, £ 1,10$ p or 0.1
e.g. $8392-50$
e.g. $6723-3000$
e.g. $£ 3 \cdot 74-30$ p
e.g. $5 \cdot 6-0.2$

Partitioning
e.g. $£ 5 \cdot 87-£ 3 \cdot 04$ as $£ 5-£ 3$ and $7 p-4 p$
e.g. $7493-2020$ as $7000-2000$ and $90-20$


Count back
e.g. $6482-1301$ as $6482-1000(5482)-300(5182)-1=5181$

Subtract near multiples of $10,100,1000$ or $£ 1$
e.g. 3522-1999
e.g. £34.86-£19.99

## STRATEATES AND METHODS OF MENTAL SURTBIGTION:

## YERB 3

## YERI 4

Count back in $100 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ then 1 s

$$
\text { e.g. } 763-121 \text { as } 763-100(663)-20(643)-1=642
$$



Subtract near multiples of 10 and 100
e.g. 648-199
e.g. $86-39$

## Counting up

Find a difference between two numbers by counting up from the smaller to the larger
e.g. $121-87$


## Counting up

Find a difference between two numbers by counting up from the smaller to the larger
e.g. $506-387$
e.g. $4000-2693$


## YERB 3

## YERI 4

## Using number facts

Know pairs which total each number to 20
e.g. $20-14=6$

Numberbonds to 100
e.g. $100-48=52$
e.g. $100-35=65$
$00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000-0000000000000000000000000000000000$

Subtract using number facts to bridge back through a 10
e.g. $42-5=42-2(40)-3=37$

Using number facts
Number bonds to 10 and 100 and derived facts


Number bonds to $£ 1$ and $£ 10$
e.g. $£ 1 \cdot 00-86 p=14 p$
e.g. $£ 10 \cdot 00-£ 3 \cdot 40=£ 6 \cdot 60$

## YERI 3

Develop counting up subtraction
e.g. 200-167


Use counting up subtraction to find change from £1, £5 and £10 e.g. $£ 10.00-£ 6.84$


Recognise complements of any fraction to 1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { e.g. } 1-1 / 4=3 / 4 \\
& \text { e.g. } 1-3 / 5=2 / 5
\end{aligned}
$$

## YERI 4

Expanded column subtraction with 3 - and 4 -digit numbers e.g. 726 - 358

| 700 | 0 | 1 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 20 | $\not 8$ |  |
| $-\quad 300$ | 50 | 8 |
| 300 | 60 | 8 |

Begin to develop compact column subtraction
e.g. 726 - 358

$$
\begin{array}{r}
{ }^{6} 7^{1} \not 218 \\
-\quad 358 \\
\hline 368 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Use counting up subtraction to find change from $£ 10, £ 20, £ 50$ and £100
e.g. Buy a computer game for $£ 34.75$ using $£ 50$


Subtract like fractions

$$
\text { e.g. } 3 / 8-1 / 8=2 / 8
$$

## YERI 5

## Taking away

Use place value to subtract decimals
e.g. $4.58-0.08$
e.g. $6.26-0.2$

Take away multiples of powers of 10
e.g. $15672-300$
e.g. $4.82-2$ e.g. $2.71-0.5$
e.g. $4 \cdot 68-0.02$

Partitioning or counting back
e.g. 3964-1051
e.g. $5 \cdot 72-2.01$

Subtract near multiples of $1,10,100,1000,10000$ or $£ 1$
e.g. $86456-9999$
e.g. $3.58-1.99$

## Counting up

Find a difference between two numbers by counting up from the smaller to the larger
e.g. $£ 12.05-£ 9.59$
e.g. $2009-869$


## YERB 6

## Taking away

Use place value to subtract decimals
e.g. $7.782-0.08$
e.g. $16.263-0.2$

Take away multiples of powers of 10
e.g. $132956-400$
e.g. $686109-40000$
e.g. 7.823-0.5

Partitioning or counting back
e.g. 3964-1051
e.g. 5•72-2.01

Subtract near multiples of powers of 10
e.g. 360078 - 99998
e.g. 12.831-0.99

## STRATEMIES AND METHODS OF MENTAL SUBTRIGTION

## YERB 5

Find change using shopkeepers' addition
e.g. Buy a toy for $£ 6.89$ using $£ 10.00$


Find a difference between two amounts of money by counting up
Using number facts
Derived facts from number bonds to 10 and 100
e.g. $2-0.45$ using $45+55=100$
e.g. $3-0.86$ using $86+14=100$


Number bonds to $£ 1, £ 10$ and $£ 100$
e.g. $£ 4 \cdot 00-£ 3.86$
e.g. $£ 100-£ 66$ using $66+34=100$

## YERIR 6

## Counting up

Find a difference between two decimal numbers by counting up from the smaller to the larger

## e.g. 1-2-0.87



Using number facts
Derived facts from number bonds to 10 and 100
e.g. $0 \cdot 1-0.075$ using $75+25=100$
e.g. $5-0.65$ using $65+35=100$


Number bonds to $£ 1, £ 10$ and $£ 100$
e.g. £7•00-£4.37
e.g. $£ 100-£ 66 \cdot 20$ using $20 p+80 p=£ 1$ and $£ 67+£ 33=£ 100$

